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Reviewed: February 10, 2015 Evidence Updated: Systematic review added Bottom Line: Unchanged First Published: January 24, 2011



Topical NSAIDs: Do they top Placebo or Oral NSAIDs?

Clinical Question: Are topical non-steroidal antiinflammatories (NSAIDs) effective in reducing pain in acute and chronic (including osteoarthritis) musculoskeletal pain?

Bottom-Line: In acute and chronic (like osteoarthritis) musculoskeletal pain, topical NSAIDs are superior to placebo and equivalent to oral NSAIDs. Topical NSAIDs adverse event rates are not statistically greater than placebo.

Evidence:

- Acute musculoskeletal pain: Systematic review of 47 randomized controlled trials (RCTs) with 5,512 patients (within 24-48 hours onset).¹
 - Clinical success (defined as 50% pain reduction, good pain relief, or equivalent): Statistically significantly greater with topical NSAID vs. placebo, relative benefit 1.5 [Confidence Interval (CI) 1.4-1.6].
 - Topical NSAID 65% vs. placebo 43%, Number Needed to Treat (NNT)=5.
 - Topical diclofenac, ibuprofen, ketoprofen, and piroxicam were all effective.
 - Adverse events and withdrawals were not different.
 - Benefit decreased over time: 6-8 days NNT=4 and 9-14 days NNT=10.
 This may be due to recovery over time in the placebo arm.
- Chronic musculoskeletal pain (including osteoarthritis): Four systematic reviews comparing topical NSAIDs to placebo.²⁻⁵
 - Short-term (two weeks) effects: Consistent statistically significant improvement.^{2,3} Example, relative benefit 1.9 (CI 1.7-2.2), NNT=5 for improved pain over placebo.³
 - Long-term (=12 weeks) effects: Statistically significant pain reduction vs. placebo, NNT=11.⁵
 - Comparing topical to oral NSAIDs: Pain control is similar (relative risk 1.1, CI 0.9-1.3).^{3,5} Overall withdrawals for adverse effects is also similar.⁵

Context:

- Other meta-analyses^{6,7} support topical NSAIDs in acute musculoskeletal pain or single joint osteoarthritis.
 - Present evidence does not support topical NSAIDs in back pain, neuropathic conditions or widespread pain.⁷
- UK osteoarthritis guidelines place topical NSAIDs (or acetaminophen) as first line pharmacotherapy for knee and/or hand osteoarthritis.⁸
 - Intra-articular NSAID levels are therapeutic with topical or oral but circulation levels of topical NSAIDs are 15% of oral NSAIDs.⁸
- Recommending specific formulations is challenged by the lack of trials comparing different formulations (types of gels/creams) on clinical outcomes.

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